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09/809,147 03	3/14/2001	Toshiaki Kato	SQR-P1 .	5354
26793 7590	04/27/2005		EXAM	INER
LEIGHTON K. CHOI GODBEY GREFFITHS		, <u> </u>	ALI, S	YED J
841 BISHOP STREET,	PAUAHI TOWER		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
HONOLULU, HI 968	13		2195	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	1 2005	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Summa	MAY 1 1 DOG	09/809,147	KATO, TOSHIAKI	
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The MAILING DATE of this on	mmunication ann	Syed J Ali	2195	
Period for Reply	mmunication app	ears on the cover sh	eet with the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERITHEM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COM Extensions of time may be available under the prafter SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of the lift the period for reply specified above is less than If NO period for reply is specified above, the max Failure to reply within the set or extended period Any reply received by the Office later than three rearned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.7	IMUNICATION. ovisions of 37 CFR 1.13 is communication. I thirty (30) days, a reply imum statutory period w for reply will, by statute, months after the mailing	i6(a). In no event, however, within the statutory minimun ill apply and will expire SIX (cause the application to bec	may a reply be timely filed n of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. 6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ome ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status				
1) Responsive to communication	(s) filed on <i>21 M</i> :	arch 2005		
2a) This action is FINAL .		action is non-final.		
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closed in accordance with the			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Disposition of Claims				
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4) Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in	• •		_	
4a) Of the above claim(s) 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		vn from consideratio	n.	
6) ☐ Claim(s) is/are anowed.	•			
7)☐ Claim(s) is/are objected.	1 to			
8) Claim(s) are subject to		r election requireme	nt	
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Application Papers				
9)☐ The specification is objected to	by the Examine	r.		
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on	is/are: a)□ acce	epted or b)□ object	ed to by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that an	y objection to the o	drawing(s) be held in a	abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) ind	cluding the correcti	ion is required if the dr	awing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
11) The oath or declaration is object	cted to by the Ex	aminer. Note the att	ached Office Action or form PTO-152.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
12)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a a)☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None	_	priority under 35 U.	S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
		s have been receive	d.	
	 Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 			
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage				
application from the Inte			•	
* See the attached detailed Office	e action for a list	of the certified copie	es not received.	
Attachment(s)				
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Re 	wiew (DTO 048)		rview Summary (PTO-413) er No(s)/Mail Date	
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Re Market Statement (s) (PTO-			ice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)	
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>Mar. 24, 2005</u> .		· —	er:	
J.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04)	Office Ac	tion Summary	Part of Paper No./Mail Date 20050419	

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DETAILED ACTION

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in

37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is

eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e)

has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to

37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on February 23, 2005 has been entered.

2. This office action is in response to the amendment filed February 23, 2005. Claims 1-20

are presented for examination.

3. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. code not included in this office action can be

found in a prior office action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. Claims 1-6 and 12-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable

over Shapiro et al. (USPN 5,257,363) (hereinafter Shapiro) in view of Boland et al. (USPN

5,826,079) (hereinafter Boland).

5. As per claim 1, Shapiro teaches the invention as claimed, including a parallel processing

method for performing processing tasks in parallel on a plurality of processors comprising:

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- (a) identifying at least one area of a large processing task directed to a plurality of computational processes that can be grouped together as a task space (col. 5 lines 15-21; col. 13 lines 60-66) not dependent on passing of control of processing from an external process in order to complete processing of the computational processes of the task space (col. 13 lines 66-67); and
- (b) breaking down the task space into a plurality of self-contained task objects each of which can be executed in one computational step without requiring passing of control to or from another object (col. 6 lines 3-10), wherein each task object is defined with a computational step (col. 6 line 7) and at least one "data-waiting" slot for receipt of data requested from another task object to which the aforesaid task object passes a message for the requested data (col. 6 lines 8-10), and wherein once all the "data-waiting" slots of a task object are filled by the respective return messages, the task object can perform its defined computational step without waiting for any other input (col. 7 lines 9-11, 32-36, 42-44; col. 8 lines 24-29).
- 6. Boland teaches the invention as claimed, including:
 - (c) scheduling the defined task objects of said identified task space so that each task object ready for processing is processed by a next available "unoccupied" one of the plurality of processors, by the sequence of:
 - (i) placing a task object with an unfilled "data-waiting" slot in a "waiting" state in which it is not assigned to any processor (col. 1 lines 18-23);

- (ii) changing the status of a task object to an "active" state when all of its defined "data-waiting" slots have been filled (col. 1 lines 23-26), wherein it is assigned to a next available processor in an "unoccupied" state, then placing that processor's status in an "occupied" state (col. 4 lines 26-34); and
- (iii) changing the status of the task object to a "dead" state when the computational step to be performed for the task object by the assigned processor has been completed (col. 4 lines 38-45), and then changing the processor's status to an "unoccupied" state to be assigned to a next "active" task object (col. 4 lines 26-34).
- 7. The method of Shapiro is primarily concerned with providing a simple data flow model for complex systems (col. 1 lines 57-63). A Petri net representation is described that allows various tasks to be represented as nodes, while inputs and outputs are represented as edges (Fig. 2). Shapiro acknowledges that this type of data representation is beneficial to many types of applications, particularly those that are complex or computationally intensive. Shapiro is concerned with representation of the data model, not with how the nodes and edges actually are scheduled on processors. Thus, a need exists for a scheduling mechanism that allows the abstract ideas presented in Shapiro to be realized in an actual computing environment.

Boland discusses a similar data representation as that described in Shapiro, i.e. a process waiting for data from another process does not become runnable until that data has become available. Thus, Boland is particularly relevant in providing a scheduling mechanism that works with the data model of Shapiro. Once the required information has become available, Boland activates the process and assigns it to the next available processor. It would have been obvious

to one of ordinary skill in the art to use Boland's scheduling mechanism with the data model of Shapiro since it would provide a way of scheduling processes immediately once input slots have been filled while also insuring that available processors do not remain idle while there is work in the queues to be performed.

- 8. As per claim 2, Shapiro teaches the invention as claimed, including a parallel processing method according to claim 1, wherein a master task grouping is defined by a plurality of task spaces (col. 1 lines 37-40) each of which contains multiple task objects and does not require passing of control from an external source in order to complete computation for the respective task space (col. 13 lines 66-67).
- 9. As per claim 3, Boland teaches the invention as claimed, including a parallel processing method according to claim 2, wherein all task objects of the task spaces which are in an "active" state are placed in a processing queue and each is assigned in turn to a next available "unoccupied" processor (col. 4 lines 19-22).
- 10. As per claim 4, Boland teaches the invention as claimed, including a parallel processing method according to claim 3, wherein a master engine for the master task grouping maintains threads which track the processing of task objects in each of the task spaces (col. 1 lines 27-29).
- 11. As per claim 5, Shapiro teaches the invention as claimed, including a parallel processing method according to claim 4, wherein the master engine for the master task grouping maintains

an internal space address assigned to each respective task object (col. 5 lines 15-21; col. 13 lines 60-67).

- 12. As per claim 6, Shapiro teaches the invention as claimed, including a parallel processing method according to claim 5, wherein a task object in one master task grouping can exchange data with a task object in another master task grouping by providing its internal space address indexed to its master task grouping (col. 13 lines 60-67; col. 14 lines 16-21).
- 13. As per claims 12-17, Shapiro teaches the invention as claimed, including a software programming method for performing processing tasks in parallel on a plurality of processors comprising the method steps of claims 1-6, respectively (col. 26 line 25).
- 14. As per claim 18, Shapiro teaches the invention as claimed, including a software programming method according to claim 12, further comprising storing templates for different types of task engines, spaces, and objects in a library and utilizing the templates to generate software programming for a desired processing task (col. 1 lines 41-65).
- Claims 7-11 and 19-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shapiro in view of Boland in view of Hunt ("IDF: A Graphical Data Flow Programming Language for Image Processing and Computer Vision").

- 16. As per claim 7, Hunt teaches the invention as claimed, including a parallel processing method according to claim 1, wherein an identified task in computer graphics rendering includes shading an image frame of a scene (pg. 360, § 4.2 Comments).
- 17. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to add Hunt to the combination of Shapiro and Boland since the image processing algorithm described by Hunt is nearly identical to that of Shapiro. While Shapiro described the fundamentals of the Petri net data representation and its relevance to complex systems, Hunt provides a specific area of computing that suffers from computationally intensive tasks that are in great need of simplification.
- As per claim 8, Hunt teaches the invention as claimed, including a parallel processing method according to claim 7, wherein the shading task includes a master task grouping of shading task spaces each of which performs shading of a pixel in the image frame (pg. 355, § 3.6 Polymorphism; pg. 359, § 4 Conclusions).
- 19. As per claims 9-11, Hunt teaches the invention as claimed, including shading of pixels (pg. 360, § 4.2 Comments) and compositing the shading results for pixels (pg. 355, § 3.6 Polymorphism).

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20. Hunt does not specifically teach shading pixels based upon ray shooting from light

sources in the scene, the data-waiting slots wait for the return of data characterizing light emitted

from a light source in the scene, or that rendering includes functions for receiving scene data for

a "world map", defining scene objects in each frame, defining the pixels of an object in the scene

intersected by an eye ray of a viewer, or tiling together the shading results returned by each of

the master shading task groupings for respective objects in the image frame. However, these are

well known features of image processing, which is the intended use of the disclosed

programming language (pg. 352, Abstract; pg. 359, § 4 - Conclusion). The main feature of IDF

as discussed by Hunt is the process by which the data flow is represented, wherein an execution

node fires once all of its inputs are present (pg. 356, § 3.7 - Data Driven Scheduling). The

particular image processing tasks are not discussed at length, as it would have been obvious to

one of ordinary skill in the art that image processing includes numerous types of tasks that are

computationally intensive and in need of a means of simplifying the way they are represented.

21. As per claims 19-20, Shapiro teaches the invention as claimed, including a software

programming method for performing processing tasks in parallel on a plurality of processors

comprising the method steps of claims 7-8, respectively (col. 26 line 25).

Response to Arguments

22. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-20 have been considered but are

moot in view of the new grounds of rejection.

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Conclusion

23. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Syed J Ali whose telephone number is (571) 272-3769. The

examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri 8-5:30, 2nd Friday off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Meng-Ai T An can be reached on (571) 272-3756. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be

directed to the TC 2100 Group receptionist: 571-272-2100.

Syed Ali

April 19, 2005

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PTO/SB/08b (08-03) Approved for use through 06/30/2006. OMB 0651-0031

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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT

(Use as many sheets as necessary)

Sheet 1 of

Examiner

Signature

	Complete if Known
Application Number	09/809,147
Filing Date	03/14/01
First Named Inventor	Kato
Art Unit	2151
Examiner Name	Ali, Syed J.
Attorney Docket Number	SOR-P1

NON PATENT LITERATURE DOCUMENTS						
Examiner Initials*	Cite No. ¹	Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc.), date, page(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published.	T ²			
SW	••••••••	Article, "IDF: A Graphical Data Flow Programming Language for Image Processing", 1990, IEEE, -90CH2930-6/90/000-0351, pp: 351-360				
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Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional). 2 Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached.

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

Date

Considered

4-19-05

Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination 09/809,147 KATO, TOSHIAKI Notice of References Cited Examiner Art Unit Page 1 of 1 Syed J Ali 2195

Application/Control No.

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

*		Document Number Country Code-Number-Kind Code	Date MM-YYYY	Name	Classification
	Α	US-5,257,363	10-1993	Shapiro et al.	703/13
	В	US-5,826,079	10-1998	Boland et al.	718/102
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FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

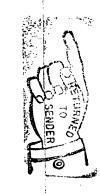
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